

ASSESSING IMPACTS ON EARTH FROM BEYOND EARTH

Experiences of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) Independent Evaluation Office

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Some Reasons Evaluation Can Be Painful



Inaccessible data



No control group available



Large and/or inaccessible area to cover



Non-existent baseline or post-project data



WHAT IS THE IMPACT OF **GEF SUPPORT?**

US\$ 3.4 billion in grants to 137 countries

US\$ 12.0 billion in cofinancing for 618 projects

over the last 25 years

2,785,350 sq km



FRAMEWORK FOR ANALYSIS

INPUTS

TRANSFORMATIONAL OTECTED AREA **PROCESSES**

IMPACTS

WILDLIFA



Population Trends

Species Richness

Management Capacities

> Management Effectiveness

Interventions at

Adoption of Scale

CASE STUDY COMPONENT

- GEF Contributions
- Contextual Factors



PEOPLE

Community Interactions

Governance

Other Largescale Drivers



- · Evolution of GEF Approach
- Progress towards Impact





- Forest Cover
- Wildlife Abundance
- METT



Loss and Gain

A Solution

Geospatial Methods



What are some evaluation questions that GEOSPATIAL METHODS can answer?

Relevance

Are we doing the right thing in the right places?



What changes occurred?

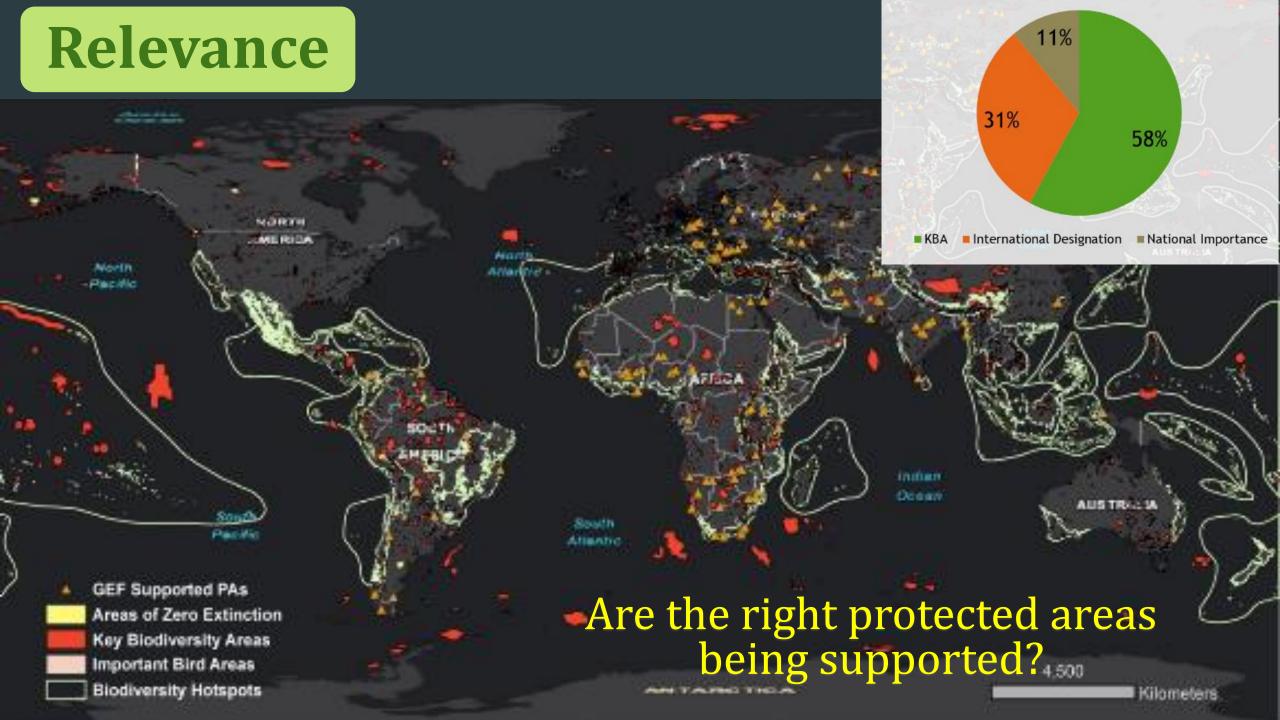
What caused those changes?

Return on Investment

How much of the result are we getting per unit dollar?

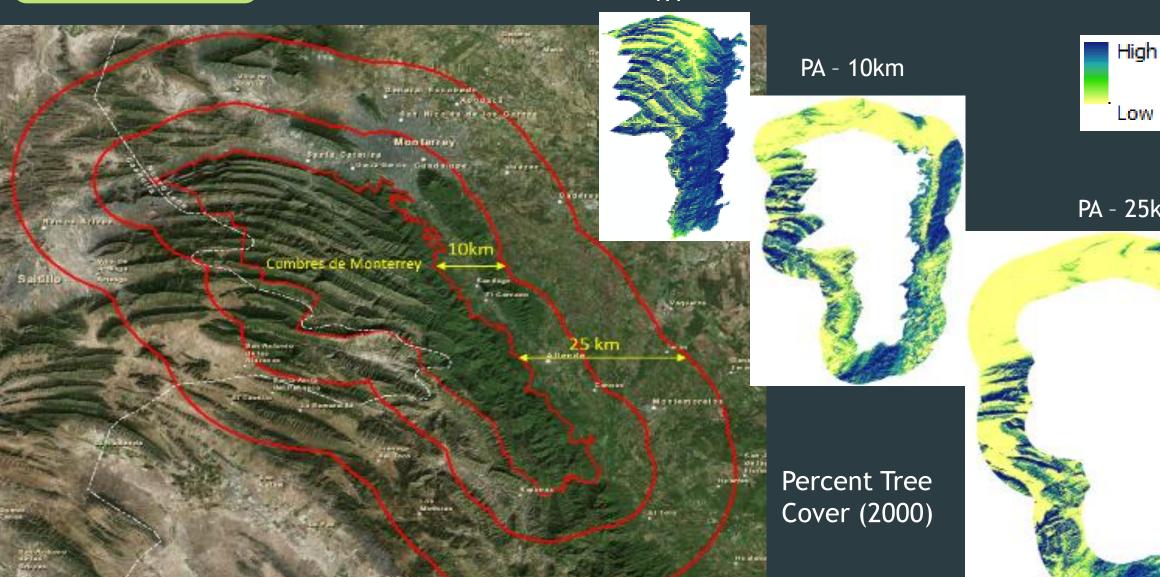






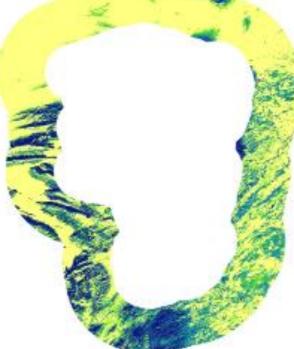
Results

How much forest cover loss was avoided?



High: 100 Low: 0

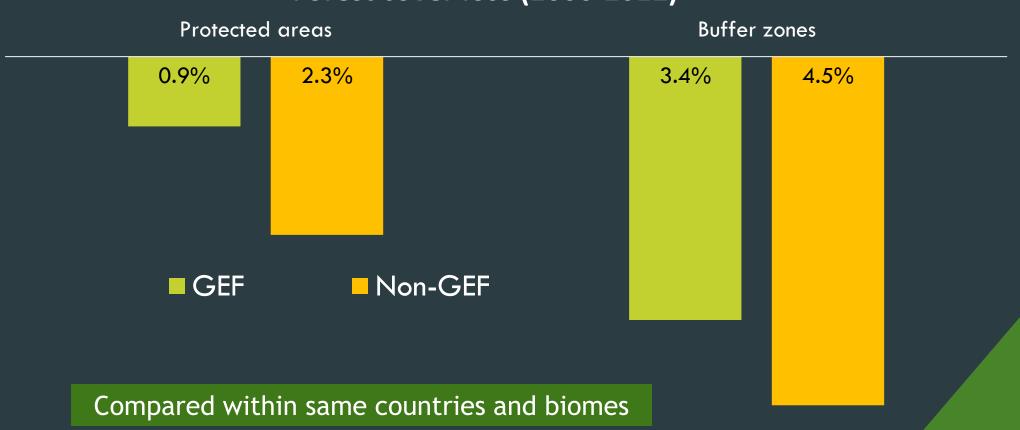
PA - 25km





We were able to compare across multiple scales and comparison criteria

Forest cover loss (2000-2012)





Results

Did GEF support cause the change?



GEF-supported
PAs have 23%
less forest loss
BUT results vary
across biomes

Quasi-experimental evaluation design based on Propensity Score Matching



What factors caused the Results difference in results? 2.5 m 30 m zoomed in to 2.5 m Images at 2.5 to 0.5 m resolution used to identify drivers of change that hinder success Ría Lagartos of GEF support

NASA Digitalglobe NextView

Return on Investment

How much carbon sequestered per dollar of GEF grant?





Vegetation productivity

forest loss and land fragmentation

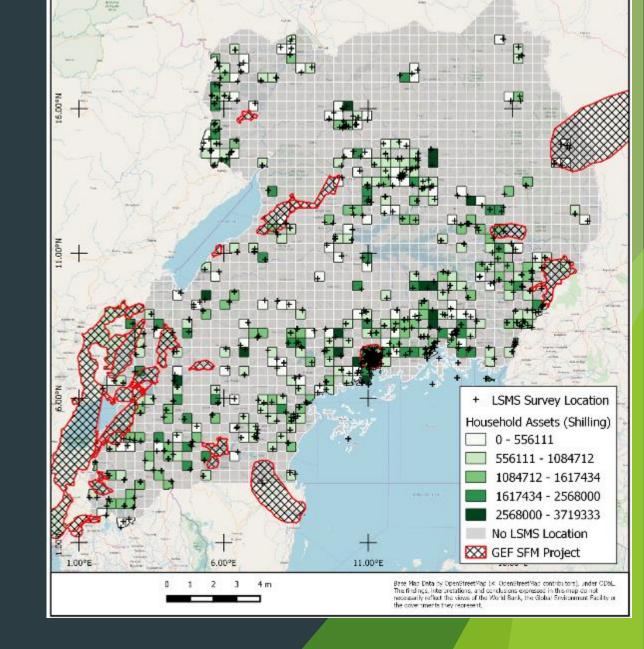
Using Causal Trees (machine learning), we found

- Access to electricity associated with higher impact
- Higher impact observed in areas with poor initial conditions

Other Applications

- Combined with survey data
- Households in proximity to GEF SFM interventions have more in household assets as compared to households further away.

Positive Correlation with GEF, not causation





Hard to reach, isolated and unsafe areas

Tracking illegal mining in Chacó, Colombia







Some Limitations to Consider



Need geolocation and polygons of where intervention is implemented



Satellite data and processing can be free, but need to invest in specialist



Geospatial data has to match target outcomes and their corresponding time and spatial scales

Big data can also be prone to error in measurement and analysis



A Few Solutions



Require maps and GPS coordinates in project proposals and monitoring reports



Partner with national and global institutions with existing capacities



Use existing global databases and local sources of information

Use mixed methods and always validate against Theory of Change!



GEF IEO Resources

Impact Evaluation of GEF Support to Protected Areas and Protected Area Systems (PAS) 2016 http://www.gefieo.org/evaluations/impact-evaluation-gef-support-protected-areas-and-protected-areas-systems-pas-2016

Value for Money Analysis for GEF Land Degradation Projects 2016

http://www.gefieo.org/evaluations/value-money-analysis-gef-land-degradation-projects-2016

Value for Money Analysis of GEF Interventions in Support of Sustainable Forest Management 2019 http://www.gefieo.org/evaluations/value-money-analysis-gef-interventions-support-sustainable-forest-management-2019

Measuring Environmental Outcomes Using Remote Sensing and Geospatial Methods

http://www.gefieo.org/sites/default/files/ieo/signposts/files/impacts-remote-sensing-2017-brief.pdf



Thank You!

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